## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A dry deposit of a non-volatile biologically functional and/or biologically active substance formed on a substrate, wherein said dry deposit retains biological function and/or activity, has a thickness ranging down to a monolayer, has a homogeneity of thickness not larger than  $\pm 10\%$  and contains molecule clusters with a size between 5 nm and 50 nm.
- 2. The dry deposit of a non-volatile biologically functional and/or biologically active substance in accordance with claim 1, wherein the molecule clusters are densely packed but not completely coalesced, and said dry deposit of a non-volatile biologically functional and/or biologically active substance has intercluster channels sufficiently penetrable by ligands.
- 3. The dry deposit in accordance with claim 1 which is formed on a substrate by electrospraying a solution of a non-volatile biologically functional and/or biologically active substance.
- 4. The dry deposit of a non-volatile biologically functional and/or biologically active substance in accordance with claim 1 which is formed as a film.
- 5. A sample comprising a substrate, and a plurality of dry deposits of different non-volatile biologically functional and/or biologically active substances electrosprayed on said substrate, wherein each of said dry deposits is in accordance with the dry deposit of claim 1.

- 6. The sample in accordance with claim 5, wherein said electrosprayed dry deposits of different substances are formed at a density of two to more than 200,000 deposits per square inch.
- 7. An apparatus for depositing a sample of a nonvolatile biologically functional and/or biologically active substance onto a deposit area of a substrate by electrospraying a solution comprising a non-volatile biologically functional and/or biologically active substance, the apparatus comprising:

an electrosprayer for creating from the solution, in a gas-filled space, a mist of charged particles including the non-volatile biologically functional and/or biologically active substance;

an electrophotic means for creating, selectively by illumination or non-illumination,

- a first potential, attractive to the charged particles, on the deposit areas of the substrate surface, and a second potential, not attractive to the charged particles, on areas of the substrate surface other than the deposit areas.
- 8. The apparatus according to claim 7, comprising a first electrostatic device coupled to the substrate.
- 9. The apparatus according to claim 7, comprising a mask disposed a distance below the surface of the substrate.
- 10. The apparatus according to claim 9, comprising a source of illumination to shine a light pattern of deposit areas through the mask onto the substrate.

11. An apparatus for depositing a sample of a nonvolatile biologically functional and/or biologically active substance onto a deposit area of a substrate by electrospraying a solution comprising a non-volatile biologically functional and/or biologically active substance, the apparatus comprising:

an electrosprayer for creating from the solution, in a gas-filled space, a mist of charged particles including the non-volatile biologically functional and/or biologically active substance:

a first electrostatic device holding a surface of the substrate adjacent to the deposit area at a first potential attractive to the charged particles; and

a mask held at a potential repulsive to the charged particles, the mask being disposed a distance above the surface of the substrate, the mask including a hole therethrough located above the deposit area;

wherein a size of the hole is in a predetermined ratio to the distance, and wherein the predetermined ratio, the first potential, and the second potential generate an electric field in a region of the hole whereby the charged particles are focused and the deposit area is smaller than a hole area of the hole.

- 12. The apparatus in accordance with claim 11, wherein the mask reaches the second potential by incorporating charge from the charged particles.
- 13. The apparatus in accordance with claim 12, wherein the non-conducting material has a surface absorbance

of the charged particles such that the second potential is repulsive to the mist of charged particles.

- 14. The apparatus in accordance with claim 13, wherein the mask is made of an electrically non-conducting material.
- 15. The apparatus in accordance with claim 13, wherein the mask is made of an electrically conducting material.
- 16. The apparatus in accordance with claim 11, wherein the mask is made of an electrically conducting material.
- 17. The apparatus in accordance with claim 16, wherein the apparatus includes a second electrostatic device holding the mask to the second potential.
- 18. The apparatus according to claim 11, comprising a mask shifter for moving the mask parallel to the substrate after deposition of the charged particles onto the deposit area; whereby another portion of the surface of the substrate may become the deposit area.
- 19. The apparatus according to claim 18, comprising means to oscillate the capillary above the mask while the mask moves.
- 20. The apparatus according to claim 19, wherein the mask includes an array of holes.
- 21. The apparatus according to claim 19, comprising means for displacing the mask a specified amount generally parallel to the substrate surface after a deposition of a particular substance.

- 22. The apparatus according to claim 19, wherein the displacement is less than spacing between adjacent ones of the holes, whereby a pattern of spots can be formed in an array of multicomponent matrices.
- 23. The apparatus according to claim 11, comprising a guard ring having a potential of the same sign as the charged particles leaving the capillary tip and positioned approximately at a level of the capillary tip to surround a zone of electrospray discharge with a charge that repels the charged particles, whereby scatter during electrospray is prevented.
- 24. The apparatus according to claim 11, comprising means for periodic recharging of the substrate surface with a stream of counter-ions from a corona discharge.
- 25. The apparatus according to claim 24, wherein the means for periodic recharging comprises an array of microelectrodes in a shielded chamber.
- 26. The apparatus according to claim 11, comprising a non-conductive protective screen disposed around the mist.
- 27. The apparatus according to claim 26, wherein the protective screen is perforated.
- $$28\,.$$  The apparatus according to claim 26, wherein the protective screen is conical.
- 29. The apparatus according to claim 26, wherein the protective screen is cylindrical.
- 30. The apparatus according to claim 11, wherein the hole in the mask is not round.